**TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

**Project Report**

**Introduction to Software Engineering (ISE)**

Section: BSE-2A

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**Stakeholder’s Analysis**

Stakeholders involved in the process are:

* Administrators
* Drivers
* Users
* Maintenance Body
* Developer or IT Team
* Any other local

Now let’s discuss the role of each in the project one by one;

1. **Administrator**

Administrator is the one who is responsible for managing the system. The role of adding the vehicle, removing it, adding new routes or removing route, managing the drivers and user data. In a nutshell; overseeing the process.

1. **Drivers**

Drivers are responsible for the vehicles operating in the system. Therefore; requires access to route details and also vehicle status (whether available or not).

1. **Users**

The users include all those using the software. The users may include drivers and passengers. Passenger is the one who is actually utilizing the system. It requires route details, vehicle details, booking seats and notification for necessary updates (whether the vehicle is on time or late)

1. **Maintenance Body**

The maintenance body includes those who are responsible for the maintenance of vehicles. Therefore: requires access to maintenance schedules, vehicles conditions and alert situations.

1. **Developer or IT Team**

The team is responsible for the development, maintenance, and improving the system capabilities. Thus, require complete and clear requirements. They are also responsible to cater the bugs and fix them.

1. **Any other Local**

Include all those who are not currently associated with the system but could become the part in near future (like the people currently not aware about the existence and the capabilities of the system).

**Functional Requirements**

The functional requirements of the system include;

* **User sign-up**
* **Admin/User Login**
* **Adding/Removing Vehicle**
* **Adding/Removing Routes**
* **Managing Users**
* **Managing Drivers**
* **Routes Details**
* **Vehicle Status**
* **Seat Reservation** (Pre-booking)
* **Seat Booking**
* **Notification updates**
* **Maintenance Schedule**
* **Vehicle Conditions**
* **Alert Status**

Now let’s discuss each functional requirement one by one;

1. **User sign-up**

The driver/user will have to sign-up into the system to carry the desires.

1. **Admin/Driver/User login**

The administrator/driver/user will login into the system to carry the desires.

1. **Adding/Removing Vehicle**

The administrator will have access of adding/ removing the vehicle to/from the system.

1. **Adding/Removing Routes**

The administrator will have access of adding/ removing the routes to/from the system.

1. **Managing Users**

The administrator will have access to manage the user’s data.

1. **Managing Drivers**

The administrator will have access to manage driver’s data.

1. **Routes Details**

The administrator, drivers, users will have access to the route details.

1. **Vehicles Status**

The administrator, drivers, users, maintenance body will have access to the vehicle status.

1. **Seat Reservation**

The users will have access to reserve the seat in advance for booking in order to protect the seat.

1. **Seat Booking**

The users will have access to book the seat after placing the required data or may provide the seat code (issued after reservation).

1. **Notification Updates**

The users will receive notification updates regarding their bookings.

1. **Maintenance Schedule**

The maintenance body will be alerted for the schedules.

1. **Vehicles Conditions**

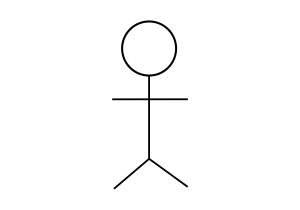
The maintenance body will receive notifications regarding the maintenance condition of the vehicles.

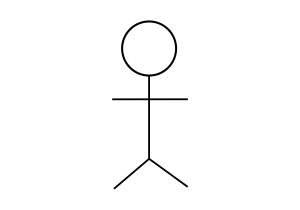
1. **Alert Status**

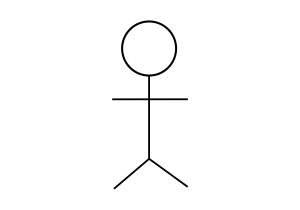
The maintenance body will receive alerts regarding urgent vehicle maintenance.

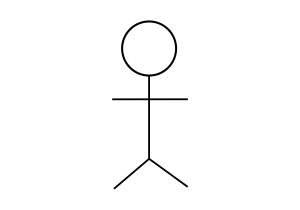
**Now, let’s configure the system;**

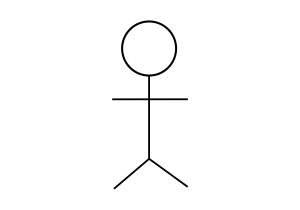
**Viewing one-by-one;**







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**Non-Functional Requirements**

The non-functional requirements of the system include;

* **Authentication and Authorization**
* **Performance**
* **Reliability**
* **Usability**
* **Maintainability**
* **Backup and Recovery**

Now let’s discuss each non-functional requirements **(NFR’s)** one by one;

1. **Authentication and Authorization**

Authenticate users then provide access based upon their roles and permissions.

1. **Performance**

The response-time of the system due to user interaction.

1. **MMTF-MTTR**

The mean time to recover from failure should be as minimum as possible contrary mean time to failure (the gap between failures) should me greater.

1. **Reliability**

Ensuring the system is available at specified times (most importantly).

1. **Learnability**

User-friendly interface that itself depicts of how to use the software.

1. **Maintainability**

How easy it is to bring changes to the system and to keep it working smoothly.

1. **Backup and Recovery**

Data backup and recovery to avoid data loss and to keep things smooth.

**NFR’s** when implemented into the system seems like functional requirement.

The above mentioned NFR’s when implemented into the system would result in user-friendly system. Learnability would enable the user to get familiarized with the system on a quick pace thus, leading to good user experience. Maintainability and reliability ensures that the system is change accepting and full fills the needs specially on specified schedule. The good performance of the system retains the user to proceed with the system. Authentication and Authorization are very important because its decided that the administrator would have the access to manage the system (add/remove vehicles/routes etc.) while user would have access to view the details of the vehicles and the routes. If, user also gets the access that administrator has than then system would be ambiguous (anyone could do everything).

**Assumptions and Constraints**

The assumptions and constraints of the desired project are:

* **Assumptions:**
* **System Environment**

The system assumes stable internet connection also the user is logged in in-order to receive notifications and updates.

* **User Behavior**

It is assumed that the user will follow the intended path for seat reservation and booking and route information without any deviation.

* **Constraints:**
* **Time**

The limitation of time; project is to be delivered within the set time duration

* **Money**

The budget is fixed and limited and all requirements are must to be implemented (dependent on each other thus, refusal not possible).

* **Technology**

Since the budget is fixed there is limitation on the tools therefore free tools preference.

**Requirements Validation**

In-order to validate the requirements the following steps were taken;

* **Meeting**

Meetings to review and refine requirements to emit misunderstandings.

* **Prototyping**

After requirement elicitation prototype was initiated in order to present the look and to get feedback in-order to validate the requirements that were put up.

**Effectiveness of Requirement Validation**

* + **Involvement of Stakeholders:**

The stakeholders were actively involved in requirement validation through meetings to ensure that requirements accurately match their interests.

* + **Early Issues**

Prototype was designed to remove early misunderstandings and validate requirement before implementation of the system.

* + **Aimed Goals**

The validation process checks that requirements effectively align with goals and objectives of the project.

**Conclusion**

* **Key findings and Insights**
* The project involves various stakeholders each having specific interests and requirements.
* Functional Requirements (FR’s) were highlighted like seat booking, route details, vehicle status, alarm status etc.
* Non-Functional Requirements (NFR’s) were highlighted which include user authentication and authorization, reliability and maintainability, usability, learnability etc.
* Assumptions made for the system and the constraints were also listed.
* Appropriate steps were taken to show FR’s and validate the requirements through meetings and prototyping.
* **Importance of thorough requirements gathering in Software Engineering Process**

The success of the project **“Transport Management System”** stands upon thorough requirement gathering as it provides a clear mind-set of actually what to do. Identification of the stakeholders getting their interests and requirements, making list of functional requirements of the system then providing an overview of how the project may look like through prototyping and validating the requirements. Thus, it leads to a system which **meets the interests of the stakeholders** and march on the road to success.